



Corrigendum

The authors wish to apologize for an error in the paper 'Inverse agonism at G protein-coupled receptors: (patho)physiological relevance and implications for drug discovery' by de Ligt *et al.*, *British Journal of Pharmacology* (2000), **130**, 1–12. Table 2 was incorrect, the correct version is shown below.

Table 2 Inverse agonism in 'physiological' studies

Cell line/tissue	Receptor	Readout	Reference
NG108-15	δ opioid	GTPase	Costa & Herz, 1989
Porcine atrial membranes (enriched)	mACh	[³⁵ S]-GTP γ S-binding	Hilf & Jakobs, 1992
Guinea-pig/human cardiac myocytes	β -AR	calcium current (I_{Ca})	Mewes <i>et al.</i> , 1993
Frog/rat cardiac cells	mACh	calcium current (I_{Ca})	Hanf <i>et al.</i> , 1993
Rat/bovine myometrial membranes	bradykinin BK ₂	IP-production	Leeb-Lundberg <i>et al.</i> , 1994
Turkey erythrocytes	β -AR	AC-activity	Götze & Jakobs, 1994
Rat RIN5AH	α_{2D} -AR	[³⁵ S]-GTP γ S-binding	Tian <i>et al.</i> , 1994
Rat cardiomyocytes	mACh (M ₂)	cyclic AMP	Jakubík <i>et al.</i> , 1995
Rat thoracic aorta strips	α_1 -AR	$\uparrow$ resting tone (I_{Ca})	Noguera <i>et al.</i> , 1996
Guinea-pig ileum	κ opioid	contraction (twitch and abstinence response)	Cruz <i>et al.</i> , 1996
NG108-15	δ opioid	[³⁵ S]-GTP γ S-binding	Szekeres & Traynor, 1997
H.E.L. 92.1.17	α_{2A} -AR	$\uparrow$ [Ca ²⁺], cyclic AMP	Jansson <i>et al.</i> , 1998